

B.A. L.L.B. 6th Semester
Political Science-III
Paper Code: LAW 1132

L - T - P
4 - 1 - 0
Internal Marks: 20

Total Credits: 5
Total Marks: 100
External Marks: 80

Note:-Instructions for examiner

- The paper shall be of 80 Marks.
- The time allowed is three hours.
- The whole syllabus is divided into four units. Question paper shall be of two parts.
 1. Part A shall be compulsory and consist 8 short answered questions of 2 marks each at least two question shall be set from each unit.
 2. Part B shall again divided into 4 units consisting 2 question of 16 marks each in every unit and candidate must attempt 4 questions at all selecting 1 question from each unit.

Course Objective: The main objective of the paper is to introduce the students to the various concepts of the political structure of the government both at the union as well state level, the philosophy of our constitution as laid in the preamble .A student who successfully completes this subject will have a general understanding of the Indian Government both at the union as well state level. The student would better understand the political issues, political processes, and political activities.


Course Outcomes :- Students will be able to understand the Nature of Indian Politics. Students will be able to understand the Indian constitution and Fundamental rights and duties.

Unit-I

1. National movement
2. Constitutional Developments
3. Political Legacies and the Making of Indian Constitution.

Unit-II

1. Ideological basis of the Indian Constitution
2. Preamble
3. Fundamental Rights & Duties and Directive Principles.


Chairperson
Department of Laws
BPS Mahila Vishwavidyalaya
Khanpur Kalan (Sonipat)

Unit-III


1. Structure and Process-I : President
2. Prime Minister
3. Council of Ministers
4. Working of the Parliamentary System.

Unit-IV

1. Structure and Process-II : Governor
2. Chief Minister
3. Council of Ministers
4. State Legislature.

Suggested Reading:

- Desai, A.R. : Recent Trends in Indian Nationalism.
- Granville Austin : Indian Constitution
- J.R. Siwach : Dynamics of Indian Government and Politics.
- K.R. Bombwall : Indian Constitution and Administration.
- K.V. Rao : Parliamentary Democracy in India.
- M.V. Pylee : Constitutional Government.
- Norman, D. Palmer : Indian Political System.
- R.L. Hardgrave : Government and Politics in Developing Nation.
- Rajni Kothari : Politics in India.
- Smith, Donald E. : India as a Secular State.
- V.R. Mehta : Ideology, Modernization and Politics in India.
- W.H. Morris Johns : The Govt. and Politics in India.


Chairperson
Department of Laws
BPS Mahila Vishwavidyalaya
Khanpur Kalan (Sonipat)

B.A LL.B.6th semester
Public International Law
Paper Code: LAW 1134

L - T - P
4 - 1 - 0
Internal Marks: 20

Total Credits: 5
Total Marks: 100
External Marks: 80

Note:-Instructions for examiner

- The paper shall be of 80 Marks.
- The time allowed is three hours.
- The whole syllabus is divided into four units. Question paper shall be of two parts.
 1. Part A shall be compulsory and consist 8 short answered questions of 2 marks each at least two question shall be set from each unit.
 2. Part B shall again divided into 4 units consisting 2 question of 16 marks each in every unit and candidate must attempt 4 questions at all selecting 1 question from each unit.

Course Objectives:-The basic objective of this paper is to apprise the students about the similarities and different between municipal law and International Law, various sources, explanation of the term state including types of states, recognition of State, extradition, asylum, diplomatic agents, Amicable and coercive modes of settlement of disputes, War, blockade, evolution of human rights and its national and International perspective.


Course Outcomes: On the successful completion of the course ,students will be able to know the contextual knowledge of public international law doctrine, principle and the role of legal institutions ,in the areas covered during the course and also able to identify contentious issues in public international law and apply legal doctrine to solve problems and also get the ability to conduct high level legal research ,exploring primary and secondary ,materials, and provide critical analysis of problems and questions.

UNIT-I

- a) Definition; Nature and Sanctions of International Law.
- b) Relationship between international Law and Municipal Law.
- c) Sources and subjects of international Law including position of Individual

UNIT-II

- a) State Territory, State Jurisdiction
- b) Recognition of State and Governments
- c) Acquisition and loss of State Territory
- d) State Succession
- e) Extradition, Asylum, Settlement of Disputes


Chairperson
Department of Laws
BPS Mahila Vishwavidyalaya
Khanpur Kalan (Sonipat)

UNIT-III

- a) Nature, Definition and Effects of War
- b) Belligerent Occupation, War Crimes
- c) Contraband, Blockade, Prize Counts
- d) Enemy Character, Rules of Warfare

UNIT-IV

- a) Human Rights: Concept of Human Rights, Provisions of U.N. Charter relating to Human Rights
- b) Universal Declaration of Human Rights, 1948 and its Legal Significance
- c) Covenant on Civil and Political Rights, 1966 and Covenant on Economic, Social and Cultural Rights
- d) National Commission on Human Rights


Text/Reference Books:

- Aggarwal, H.O. Public International Law and Human Rights (Central Law Publications Ed. 2012)
- Greig, DW. International Law (Butterworths and Co. (Publishers) Ed. (2007)
- Harris, D.J. Cases and Material on International Law (Sweet & Maxwell Ed. 2007)
- Kapoor, S.K. International Law (Central Law Publications 2013)
- Starke's International Law (Oxford University Press Butterworth & Co. Publisher Ltd. 11th Ed. 2013)
- V.C. Govindaraj. Conflict of Laws cases and Materials (Lexis Nexis, 1st Ed. 2017)
- V.K. Ahuja Public International Law (Lexis, 11st Ed. 2016)

Case Law :-

1. Columbian Peruvian Asylum Case ICJ Report (1951) 71
2. Daimler Co. Ltd. Continental Tyre and Rubber Co. Ltd. (1916) 2AC 307
3. Haile Selassi v. Cable and Wireless Co. Ltd. (1939) CH 12
4. Zamora Case (1916) 2AC 77

- 805 - 94


Chairperson
Department of Laws
BPS Mahila Vishwavidyalaya
Khanpur Kalan (Sonipat)

**B.A L.L.B.6th semester
Gender and Society
Paper code- Law 1136**

**L - T - P
4 - 1 - 0
Internal Marks: 20**

**Total Credits: 5
Total Marks: 100
External Marks: 80**

Note:-Instructions for examiner

- The paper shall be of 80 Marks.
- The time allowed is three hours.
- The whole syllabus is divided into four units. Question paper shall be of two parts.
 1. Part A shall be compulsory and consist 8 short answered questions of 2 marks each at least two question shall be set from each unit.
 2. Part B shall again divided into 4 units consisting 2 question of 16 marks each in every unit and candidate must attempt 4 questions at all selecting 1 question from each unit.

Course Objectives: The objective of the paper is to develop an understanding of the theoretical and feminist standpoints regarding gender and its implications for law and society.

Course Outcome : The students find the idea of interdisciplinary imagination and theoretical investigation of lived realities very challenging given the alienation prevailing in our educational system when it comes to think theoretically about institutional practices in certain contexts. The extent of intervention and perspectival change varies in relation to a range of factors operating in the pedagogical space which learners inhabit. However, a critical consciousness-shift can be perceived as a sign of transformative learning potential of the course.

Unit I

Sex and Gender: Biology vs. Culture
Social Construction of Gender: Socialization and Gender Roles
Gender, Caste and Class, Patriarchy: Concept and Theories

Unit II

Gender and Economy, Shadow work, Gender and Development
Commodification and Objectification of Women and Media,
Gender and Technology, ICT and Gender Inequality,
Globalization and its Impact on Women, Gender and Education

Unit III

Emergence of Feminist Thought and Women's Movements,
Feminist Critiques of Science, Social Theories and Methodology,
Feminism and Women's Movement in India: Social Reform and Me Too
Feminist Critiques: State and Family, The Neo-liberal Challenge

Unit IV

Gender Inequality and Law: Feminist perspectives,
Feminist movement and Law in India,
Crimes against Women: Rape, Domestic Violence, Female Feticide, Sexual Harassment, Dowry,
Honour related Crimes etc.,
Gender, Caste and Violence

Suggested Readings:

- Agnes, Flavia et al. 2006. *Women and Law in India*. New Delhi: Oxford
- Chanana, Karuna. 1988. *Socialization, Women and Education: Explorations in Gender identity*, New Delhi: Orient Longman.
- Chaudhuri, Maitrayee (Ed.). *Feminism in India*, Kali for Women
- Chaudhuri, Maitrayee. *The Indian Women's Movement: Reform and Revival*, Palm Leaf Publications
- Geetha, V. *Gender*. Stree Samya Publication
- Geetha, V. *Patriarchy*. Stree Samya Publication
- Jaising, Indira (ed.). 2005. *Men 's Laws, Women 's Lives: A Constitutional Perspective on Religion, Common Law and Culture in South Asia*. Women Unlimited
- Kabeer, Naila. *Gender and Social Protection Strategies in the Informal Economy*. Routledge
- Kapadia, Karen. *The Violence of Development: The Politics of Identity, Gender and Social Inequalities in India*. Kali for Women Knowledge.
- Menon, Nivedita. 2004. *Recovering Subversions: feminist politics beyond the law*. New Delhi: Permanent Black
- Mukhopadhyaya, Maitrayee. *Legally Dispossessed: Gender, Identity and the Process of Law*. Stree Publications
- Nair, Janki. 2000. *Women and Law in Colonial India: a social history*. Kali for Women
- Oakley, Ann. 1972. *Sex, Gender and Society*. New York: Harper and Row.
- Rajan, Rajeshwari Sunder. 2003. *The Scandal of the State: women in postcolonial India, law, and citizenship*. New Delhi: Permanent Black.
- Sharmila Rege (ed.) *Sociology of Gender: The Challenge of Feminist Sociological*
- University Press
- Vaid, S & K. Sangari. 1989. *Recasting Women: Essays in Colonial History*. Kali For women

B.ALL.B. 7th Semester
Company Law
Paper Code: LAW 1137

L - T - P

4 - 1 - 0

Internal Marks: 20

Total Credits: 5

Total Marks: 100

External Marks: 80

Note:-Instructions for examiner

- The paper shall be of 80 Marks.
- The time allowed is three hours.
- The whole syllabus is divided into four units. Question paper shall be of two parts.
 1. Part A shall be compulsory and consist 8 short answered questions of 2 marks each at least two question shall be set from each unit.
 2. Part B shall again divided into 4 units consisting 2 question of 16 marks each in every unit and candidate must attempt 4 questions at all selecting 1 question from each unit.

Course objectives: The object of this paper is to give knowledge of Company law and practices in India to the students. It is important to understand the role of regulations and regulatory bodies for any company as well as for the society. It is aimed to motivate and prepare the students to render analytical account of company law in India and to understand the scope and challenges in this field.

Course Outcomes: The course is important to impart knowledge of company law and its various facets impacting the society at large. It is very helpful in understanding the role of law in regulating the company's affairs and the procedure established. The course is beneficial for the academic and professional enrichment of the students.

Unit I

1. Nature and kinds of company
2. Fundamental Principles, Doctrine of company law
3. Procedure and formalities of registration of company
4. Prospectus: statutory provisions and kinds
5. Concept of Limited Liability Partnership

Unit II

1. Share Capital, Shares and Debentures: Meaning and kinds
2. Directors- Appointments, Removal, powers & functions, nature and extent of Liabilities of directors

97

808-

107

Chairperson
Department of Laws
BPS Mahila Vishwavidyalaya
Khanpur Kalan (Sonipat)

3. Membership- Modes & Qualifications, rights and liabilities
4. Registrar of the companies: Powers and duties

Unit-III

1. Nature and kinds of meetings
2. Corporate social responsibility
3. Corporate Governance: concept and controls
4. Protection against oppression and Mismanagement

Unit-IV

1. Insolvency and Bankruptcy Code, 2016
2. Winding Up- procedure & kinds, Consequences of winding up
3. National Company law Tribunal

Recommended Cases

1. Nisha v. Lynde, (1929) AC 158
2. Peek v. Gurney, (1873) LR 6 (HL) 377
3. Rattan Singh v. M.D. Moga Transport Co. Ltd. (1959) 29 Comp. Cas. 165
4. Raymond Synthetic Ltd. V. Union of India (1992) 73 comp Cas 762 SC
5. Rex.v. Kysant (1932) 1 KB 422
6. Rich Paints Ltd. v. Vadodara Stock Exchange Ltd. (1998) Comp. Case
7. Shree Gopal Papers Mills Ltd. V. CIT (1967) 37 Comp. Cas 240 Cal.
8. Sundaram Finance service Ltd. V. Grandtrust finance ltd. (2003) 42 SCL 89 Mad.
9. Universal Incast Ltd. V. Appellate Authority (SEBI) (2000) 28 SCL 140 P&H

Suggested Readings

- A.K. Majoomdar & G.K. Company Law & Practice
- Aswath Damodran – Corporate Finance Theory & Practice
- Charlswarth and Morse – Company Law
- Frank B. Cross Law and Corporate Finance
- ICSI- Corporate Governance- Beyond Letters
- K.S. Anantharman Lectures on Company Law
- M.C. Kuchhal- Business Law
- Nicholas Bourne- Principles of Company Law
- Rammaiya- Companies Act.
- S.C. Das Corporate Governance in India

B.A. L.L.B. 7th Semester
Political Science-IV
Paper Code: LAW 1139

L - T - P
4 - 1 - 0
Internal Marks: 20

Total Credits: 5
Total Marks: 100
External Marks: 80

Note:-Instructions for examiner

- The paper shall be of 80 Marks.
- The time allowed is three hours.
- The whole syllabus is divided into four units. Question paper shall be of two parts.
 1. Part A shall be compulsory and consist 8 short answered questions of 2 marks each at least two question shall be set from each unit.
 2. Part B shall again divided into 4 units consisting 2 question of 16 marks each in every unit and candidate must attempt 4 questions at all selecting 1 question from each unit.

Learning Objective: The main objective of the paper is to teach the students Constitution of United Kingdom, United States of America, Constitution of Switzerland, Constitution of the People's Republic of China, its sources salient features and Parliament, USA President election and powers, theory of separation of powers, Swiss Federal System, the Communist Party of China. This paper also covers the concept of Comparative Constitution. This syllabus provides an opportunity to the students to understand Parliamentary, Presidential, Unitary and Federal forms of Government.

Course outcomes:- At the end of this course students will be better understand why countries choose different mechanisms and institutions for governing and why these choices are important, be better equipped to use the major theories, concepts, and tools of comparative political science.

UNIT I


Constitution of the United Kingdom:

- a) Sources, Conventions and Salient Features
- b) Monarchy: Power and Position
- c) Parliament: Organisation and Functions
- d) British Judicial System and Rule of Law
- e) Major Political Parties

UNIT II

Constitution of the United States of America:

- a) Salient Features


Chairperson
Department of Laws
BPS Mahila Vishwavidyalaya
Khanpur Kalan (Sonapat)

- b) President: Election and Powers
- c) Congress: Organisation and Functions
- d) American Supreme Court and Judicial Review
- e) Theory of Separation of Powers

UNIT III

Constitution of Switzerland:

- a) General Features
- b) The Swiss Plural Executive- Federal Council
- c) The Swiss Federal Legislature
- d) The Swiss Federal Tribunal
- e) Direct Democracy in Switzerland

UNIT IV

Constitution of the People's Republic of China:

- a) Salient features
- b) The National People's Congress and Standing Committee
- c) The President and the State Council
- d) Chinese Judicial System
- e) The Communist Party of China

Suggested Readings :

- | | |
|-----------------------------|---------------------------------------|
| • Appadorai, A. | : The Substance of Politics |
| • Badyal J.S. | : Comparative Government and Politics |
| • Bhagwan Vishnu | : Comparative Politics |
| • Bhushan, Vidya | : World Constitutions |
| • Finer Herman | : World Constitutions |
| • Johari, J.C. | : Comparative Politics |
| • Kapur A.C. | : Select Modern Governments |
| • Misra K.K. and A.C. Kapur | : Select Constitutions |
| • Pylee M.V. | : Select Constitutions of the World |
| • Strong C.F. | : World Constitutions |

B.A.L.L.B.7th semester
Intellectual Property Rights
Paper Code: Law 1141

L - T - P
4- 1 - 0
Internal Marks: 20

Total Credits: 5
Total Marks: 100
External Marks: 80

Note:-Instructions for examiner

- The paper shall be of 80 Marks.
- The time allowed is three hours.
- The whole syllabus is divided into four units. Question paper shall be of two parts.
 1. Part A shall be compulsory and consist 8 short answered questions of 2 marks each at least two question shall be set from each unit.
 2. Part B shall again divided into 4 units consisting 2 question of 16 marks each in every unit and candidate must attempt 4 questions at all selecting 1 question from each unit.

Course Objective: The prime objective of the paper is to acquaint the students with the basic principles governing the Intellectual property rights regime.

Course Outcomes: The course is important to impart knowledge of company law and its various facets impacting the society at large. It is very helpful in understanding the role of law in regulating the company's affairs and the procedure established. The course is beneficial for the academic and professional enrichment of the students.

UNIT-I

Concept, Nature and scope of Intellectual Property, Industrial property and non-industrial property, Different forms of IP and its conceptual analysis, Historical development of IPR in India,

Overview of international treaties: WTO, WIPO, TRIPs agreement, Paris convention, Madrid Agreement, Berne Convention

UNIT-II

Patents: Introduction and overview of patent protection; History of Patent protections;

Patent Concept and definition Objectives of Patent Act, 1970, , Inventions which are not patentable, Product patent and Process, Patent Specification - Provisional and Complete Specification; Procedure for patent applications; Register of patents and Patent Office; Rights and obligations of patentee

Assignment and Transfer of Patent Rights; Compulsory licenses, Infringement of Patents; Offences and Penalties

UNIT-III


Trade Marks: Objectives and salient features of Trade Marks Act, 1999. Types of Trademarks, Absolute and Relative grounds for refusal for registration of trade marks, registration of trade mark, Effect of Registration, Assignment and transmission; Rectification of register; Infringement of trade mark; Passing-off, Domain name protection and registration; Offences, penalties and Reliefs. Difference between trade mark and Geographical Indication of Goods

UNIT-IV

Copyright: Meaning and Definitions, Subject matter of copyright authorities, Ownership and Assignment of copyright, Licenses in copyright, Terms of copyright, Rights of Broadcasting Organization and Performers, infringements and civil remedies. Overview of Design Act

Recommended Readings:

- Anant Padmanabhan, Intellectual Property Rights: Infringement and Remedies, LexisNexis Butterworths Wadhwa 2012.
- David Bainbridge, Intellectual Property, Pearson Education, Delhi, 2003.
- Lionel Bentley and Brad Sherman, Intellectual Property Law, Oxford University Press, New Delhi, 2003
- N S Gopala Krishnan & T G Agitha, Principles of Intellectual Property, Eastern Book Co.
- V.K. Ahuja, Intellectual Property Rights in India, LexisNexis, Butterworths, Wadhwa, Nagpur, 2009.
- W. R. Cornish, Intellectual Property: Patents, Copyright, Trade Marks and Allied Rights, Universal Law Publishing Co. Pvt. Ltd, Delhi, 1999.


Chairperson
Department of Laws
BPS Mahila Vishwavidyalaya
Khanpur Kalan (Sonipat)

B.A L.L.B. 7TH Semester
Information Technology & Cyber Law
Course Code: LAW 1143

L - T - P

4 - 1 - 0

Internal Marks: 20

Total Credits: 5

Total Marks: 100

External Marks: 80

Note:-Instructions for examiner

- The paper shall be of 80 Marks.
- The time allowed is three hours.
- The whole syllabus is divided into four units. Question paper shall be of two parts.
 1. Part A shall be compulsory and consist 8 short answered questions of 2 marks each at least two question shall be set from each unit.
 2. Part B shall again divided into 4 units consisting 2 question of 16 marks each in every unit and candidate must attempt 4 questions at all selecting 1 question from each unit.

Course Objectives: The objective of this paper is to acquaint the students with the knowledge of law relating to cyber space. To create awareness among the students about the cybercrimes and cyber laws framed to protect the victims of cybercrimes.

Course outcome: The students will be able to demonstrate knowledge, attitude and skills of digital age work and learning. Further it will make learner conversant with the social and intellectual property issues emerging from 'cyberspace'. Explore the legal and policy developments in various countries to regulate cyberspace along with developing the understanding of relationship between commerce and cyberspace, give learners in depth knowledge of Information Technology Act and legal frame work of right to privacy, data security and data protection.

Unit-I

Basic concept of technology and law

- a. Understanding the technology
- b. Scope of cyber laws
- c. Cyber jurisprudence


Understanding electronic contracts

- a. The Indian law of contract
- b. Types of electronic contract
- c. Construction of Electronic Contracts

Unit-II

Copyright in information technology

- copyright in internet
- software privacy
- multimedia and copyright issues


Chairperson
Department of Laws
BPS Mahila Vishwavidyalaya
Khanpur Kalan (Sonipat)

Patents

- a. Indian position on computer related patents
- b. international context of patents

Trademarks

- g. Trademarks law in India
- h. Infringement and passing off

Unit -III

Information Technology Act 2000

1. Digital signature
2. E-Governance
3. Sale and gift
4. duties of subscribers
5. penalties and adjudication
6. offences under the act
7. making of rules and regulation

Unit -IV

Understanding cyber crimes

- a. Crime in context of internet
- b. Types of crime in internet

Indian penal law & cyber crimes

- a. Fraud
- b. Hacking
- c. Mischief
- d. Trespass
- e. Defamation
- f. Stalking
- g. Spam

Issues of internet governance

- a. Freedom of expression in internet
- b. Issues of censorship
- c. Hate speech
- d. Sedition
- e. Libel
- f. Subversion
- g. Privacy issues
- h. International position on free speech in internet

Suggested Readings

- Gerold R. Ferresc : Cyber law(text & cases)
- Rodney D. Ryder : Guide to cyber law
- S.R. Bhansali : Information technology act
- Vakul Sharma : Cyber crime


Chairperson

Department of Laws
BPS Mahila Vishwavidyalaya
Khanpur Kalan (Sonipat)

**B.A LL.B 7th Semester
Disaster Management
Course Code: LAW 1145**

**L - T - P
4 - 1 - 0
Internal Marks: 20**

**Total Credits: 5
Total Marks: 100
External Marks: 80**

Note:-Instructions for examiner

- The paper shall be of 80 Marks.
- The time allowed is three hours.
- The whole syllabus is divided into four units. Question paper shall be of two parts.
 3. Part A shall be compulsory and consist 8 short answered questions of 2 marks each at least two question shall be set from each unit.
 4. Part B shall again divided into 4 units consisting 2 question of 16 marks each in every unit and candidate must attempt 4 questions at all selecting 1 question from each unit.

Course Objectives: The objective of this paper is to acquaint the students with core aspects of disasters, their significance and types. To ensure that students begin to understand the relationship between vulnerability, disasters, disaster prevention and risk reduction. To gain a preliminary understanding of approaches of Disaster Risk Reduction .

Course Outcomes: At the end of this course students are expected to understand the concept of disaster management ,its significance and associated technicalities along with the mitigation measures.

Unit I.

Introduction: Concepts, and definitions (Disaster, Hazard, Vulnerability, Resilience, Risks)
Disasters: Classification-A) Natural Disaster: such as Flood, Cyclone, Earthquakes Landslides etc, Causes, Impacts (including social, economic, political, environmental, health, psychosocial, etc.) B) Man-made Disaster: such as Fire, Industrial Pollution, Nuclear Disaster, Biological Disasters, Accidents (Air, Sea, Rail & Road), Structural failures(Building and Bridge), Rail & Road), Structural failures(Building and Bridge), Causes, effects and practical examples for all disasters.

Unit 2

Approaches to Disaster Risk reduction: Disaster cycle - its analysis: Phases, Culture of safety, prevention, mitigation and preparedness community based DRR, Structural- nonstructural measures roles and responsibilities of- community, Panchayati Raj Institutions/Urban Local Bodies (PRIs/ULBs), states, Centre, and other stake-holders.

Unit 3

Inter-relationship between Disasters and Development: Risk and Vulnerability Analysis ,Factors affecting Vulnerabilities, Strategic Development for Vulnerability Reduction ,Disaster


- Preparedness and Response , Disaster Preparedness: Concept and Nature , Disaster Preparedness Plan, Prediction, Early Warnings and Safety Measures of Disaster, Role of Informatic○
Education, Communication, and Training

Unit 4

Disaster Risk Management in India, Hazard and Vulnerability profile of India ,Components of Disaster Relief: Water, Food, Sanitation, Shelter, Health, Waste Management Institutional arrangements (Mitigation, Response and Preparedness, DM Act 2005 and Policy)

Suggested Reading

- Carter, Nick 1991. Disaster Management: A Disaster Manager's Handbook.
Carter, Nick 1991. Disaster Management: A Disaster Manager's Handbook.
- Coppola P. Damon, 2007. Introduction to International Disaster Management,
- Dr. Mrinalini Pandey, Disaster Management, Wiley India Pvt. Ltd.
- Gupta Anil K, Sreeja S. Nair. 2011 Environmental Knowledge for Disaster Risk Management, NIDM, New Delhi
- J. P. Singhal, Disaster Management, Laxmi Publications.
- Jagbir Singh, Disaster Management: Future Challenges and Opportunities ,K W Publishers Pvt. Ltd.
- Kapur, Anu & others, 2005: Disasters in India Studies of grim reality, Rawat Publishers, Jaipur
- Kapur, Anu 2010: Vulnerable India: A Geographical Study of Disasters, IIAS and Sage Publishers, New Delhi.
- Reducing risk of disasters in our communities, Disaster theory, Tearfund,2006
- Shailesh Shukla, Shamna Hussain, Biodiversity, Environment and Disaster Management ,Unique Publications
- Tushar Bhattacharya, Disaster Science and Management, McGraw Hill Education(India) Pvt. Ltd.


Sharperson
Department of Laws
BPS Mahila Vishwavidyalaya
Khanpur Kalan (Sonapat)

B.A LL.B. 7th Semester
Professional Ethics
Paper Code 1147

L - T - P

4 - 1 - 0

Internal Marks: 20

Total Credits: 5

Total Marks: 100

External Marks: 80

Note:-Instructions for examiner

- The paper shall be of 80 Marks.
- The time allowed is three hours.
- The whole syllabus is divided into four units. Question paper shall be of two parts.
 1. Part A shall be compulsory and consist 8 short answered questions of 2 marks each at least two question shall be set from each unit.
 2. Part B shall again divided into 4 units consisting 2 question of 16 marks each in every unit and candidate must attempt 4 questions at all selecting 1 question from each unit.

Course Objective:--The objective of this paper is to acquaint the students with core aspects of professional ethics.

Course Outcome : A student will be able to understand and apply the professional ethics and ethical standard of the legal profession. To know and evaluate the key themes in professional ethics, in order to give them an insight into moral decision making in the legal profession.

Unit—1


Meaning and Definition of Professional legal Ethics, Historical Background and Development of Professional legal Ethics in India, Global Perspective of Professional legal Ethics , Requirement of Professional legal Ethics and why is necessity of Code of Professional legal Ethics? Legal profession is a Nobel profession or a business/commercial profession.

Unit—2

Understanding of Advocate, Composition and Functions of BCI and SBC(Sections 3-15) Eligibility of admission and practice of Advocates, Qualifications and disqualifications of Advocates (Sections 16- 34 of Advocates Act, 1961), Conduct and misconduct of Advocates/Denouncing and Contemptuous acts of Advocates , powers of BCI and SBC regarding punishment for advocates, (sections 35-48), Rules of BCI regarding advocates (Part VI & VII).

Units—3

107


The Secy
Department of Laws
BPS Mahila Vishwavidyalaya
Khanpur Kalan (Sonipat)

117

Conduct and Misconduct of Judges, Code of conduct of Judges in USA, Relationship between Bench and Bar, Accountability, Responsibility, Liability, Obligations of Advocates, and Accountancy of Advocates and Judges, Emerging trends of corruption and immorality in judiciary, Judges (Inquiry) Act, 1968 and Judges (Protection) Act, 1985

Unit-4

Contempt of Courts Act, 1971, Constitutional provisions regarding powers of Supreme Court and High Courts and Houses of Parliament and State Legislatures for punishing their contempt,

Suggested Readings

- A.N. Chaturvedi, Principles & Forms of Pleadings & Conveyance with Advocacy
Ashok Kumar, Professional Legal Ethics (Vaibhav Publications, Darya Ganj New Delhi, Edition 2017)
- Krishnaswamy Iyer, Professional Conduct of Advocacy
- N.R. Madhava Menon, Clinical Legal Education
- S.C. Tripathi, professional legal Ethics
- V.D. Kulshreshtha, Landmarks in Indian Legal and Constitutional

Recommended Cases

1. D.C. Saxena v CJI, 1996 5 SCC 216
2. Delhi Judicial Service Association, Tis Hazari Court Delhi v State of Gujrat & Others, AIR 1991 SC 2176
3. I.P. Mishra v State of U.P. , AIR 1998 SC 3337
4. Re Ajay Kumar Pandey Advocate, AIR 1998 SC 3299
5. Supreme Court Bar Association v Union of India & Others, AIR 1998 SC 1895
6. V. Kashnath Kher & Others v Dinesh Kumar Bhagat and Others, AIR 1998 SC 374

Chairperson
Department of Laws
BPS Mahila Vishwavidyalaya
Khanpur Kalan (Sonapat)

B.A. L.L.B 8th Semester
Banking and Insurance
Paper Code: 1138

L - T - P
4 - 1 - 0
Internal Marks: 20

Total Credit: 5
Total Marks: 100
External Marks: 80

Note:-Instructions for examiner

- The paper shall be of 80 Marks.
- The time allowed is three hours.
- The whole syllabus is divided into four units. Question paper shall be of two parts.
 1. Part A shall be compulsory and consist 8 short answered questions of 2 marks each at least two question shall be set from each unit.
 2. Part B shall again divided into 4 units consisting 2 question of 16 marks each in every unit and candidate must attempt 4 questions at all selecting 1 question from each unit.

Course objectives-The object of this paper is to acquaint the students with the knowledge of concept, nature and legal control of insurance business.

Course Outcome: Upon successful completion, students will have the knowledge and skills to understand the conditions and principles of Insurance and banking laws and enhance the role of consumer courts and Insurance ombudsman, Insurance contract terms and liabilities, conations for claim and settles the dispute.

UNIT 1

Insurance- Definition, nature and history of Insurance, Concept of Insurance And Law of Contract, History And Development of Insurance In India, General Principles of law of Insurance, Insurable Interest, Premium, Risk and Insurance,

UNIT-2

Life Insurance -Definition ,Nature And Scope Of Life Insurance, Formation Of Life Insurance Contract, Event Insured Against Life Insurance Contract, Circumstances Affecting The Risk, Amount Recoverable Under The Life Policy, Persons Entitled To Payment,

Life Insurance Corporation of India Act, 1956, Object, Policy, Establishment of LIC, Function Of Life Insurance Corporation

UNIT -3

Social Insurance -Important Elements in Social Insurance and Its Need, Commercial Insurance and Social Insurance, Workmen's Compensation Act, Risk covered, Industrial accidents, Occupational diseases, Cash benefit, Incapacity, Amounts of compensation, Nature of Injuries, Public Liability Act-Scheme and Authorities.

UNIT -4

MOTOR VEHICLE ACT, 1986

Necessity For Insurance Against Third Party Risk, Requirement Of Policies And Limits Of Liability, Rights Of Third Parties Against Insurance On Insolvency Of The Insured, Duty To Give Information As To The Insurance ,Settlement Between Insured And Insurer, Effect Of Death On Certain Causes Of Action, Claim Tribunal, Procedure And Powers Of Claim Tribunal, Appeals

Leading Cases:

- 1.Reserve Bank Of India V. Peerless General Finance And Investment Co. AIR 1987 SC 1023
- 2.General Assurance Society Ltd. V LIC AIR 1964 SC 892
- 3.New India Assurance Co. Ltd. V.Rulia And Other AIR 2000 SC 1082

SUGGESTED READINGS:

- Avtar Singh :Law of Insurance
- Brij Nandan Singh : Insurance Law
- C.R.Rao, "Treaties on the Law of Insurance"
- M.N. Mishra, "Principles of Insurance"
- R.M. Ray "Life Insurance in India"

L - T - P

4- 1-0

Internal Marks: 20

External Marks:80

Total Credits: 5

Total Marks: 100

Course Objectives

1. The prime objective of this paper is to acquaint the students with the basic principles of law of evidence while signifying its nexus with criminal justice administration as per the Bhartiya Sakshya Adhiniyam.
2. It further aims to enable the learners to understand the core concepts related to relevancy and admissibility of facts.

Course Outcomes:

1. At the end of this course students will be able to comprehend upon the core concepts envisaged under the Bhartiya Sakshya Adhiniyam .
2. Students will be able to understand the practical intricacies of evidence law and will be able to demonstrate the same .

Note: Instructions for examiners

- The paper shall be of 80 marks.
 - The time allowed is three hours
 - The whole syllabus is divided into four Units. Question paper shall be of two parts.
3. Part A shall be compulsory and consist of 8 short answered questions of 2 marks each at least two questions shall be set from each unit.
 4. Part B shall again be divided in to 4 units consisting of two questions of 16 marks each in every unit and student must attempt four question at all selecting one from each unit.

Unit -I

1. Basic Principles of law of Evidence ,Concepts of facts , facts in issue , relevant facts , oral and documentary evidence , proved, disproved and not proved . May presume, shall presume and conclusive proof (Section 2-3, 141,168,169)
2. Relationship between law of evidence and substantive law
3. Relevancy of Facts – (sections 3-14)
4. Relevant facts relating to conspiracy – Section 8

Unit -II

1. Admissions (Sections 15-21 and 25)
2. Confessions (Section 22-24)
3. Dying declaration – section 26(1)
4. Opinion of third person when relevant – sections 39-45

Unit-III

1. Facts which need not be proved - sections 51-53
2. Facts which parties are prohibited from proving – doctrine of estoppels- Sections- 121-123
3. Witnesses ,Privileged communications – sections 124-137
4. Oral and documentary evidence – sections 54-93
5. Exclusion of oral by documentary evidence - 94-103

Unit-IV


1. Accomplice – sections 138, 119 (b)
2. Who may testify – section 124
3. Dumb witness – section 125
4. Hostile witness – section 157
5. Examination, cross – examination and re- examination -sections 142-144 158
6. Presumptions -section 115, 116, 117,118,119,120

Suggested Readings

1. Vepa P. Sarathi , Law of Evidence
2. S. Sarkar Ahmad Ejaz , Law of Evidence
3. Avtar Singh : Law of Evidence
4. Batuklal : Law of Evidence
5. M. Monir , Law of Evidence

Recommended case laws

1. R.M. Malkani v. State of Maharashtra, AIR 1973 SC 157
2. Mirza Akbar v. Emperor, AIR 1940 PC 176
3. Central Bureau of Investigation v. V. C Shukla, AIR 1998 SC 1406
4. Aghnoo Nagesia v. State of Bihar, AIR 1966 SC 119
5. Pulukuri Kottaya v. Emperor AIR 1947 PC 67
6. Pakala Narayana Swami v. Emperor, AIR 1939 PC 47
7. Bodhraj v. State of J & K (2002) 8 SCC 45
8. State of Bihar v. Laloo Prasad (2202) SCC 626
9. Salem Advocate Bar Association v. Union of India, AIR 2003 SC 189


Chairperson
Department of Laws
BPS Mahila Vishwavidyalaya
Khanpur Kalan (Sonipat)

**B.A.L.L.B 8th semester
Administrative Law
Paper Code: LAW 1142**

L - T - P

4 - 1 - 0

Internal Marks: 20

Total Credits: 5

Total Marks: 100

External Marks: 80

Note:-Instructions for examiner

- The paper shall be of 80 Marks.
- The time allowed is three hours.
- The whole syllabus is divided into four units. Question paper shall be of two parts.
 1. Part A shall be compulsory and consist 8 short answered questions of 2 marks each at least two question shall be set from each unit.
 2. Part B shall again divided into 4 units consisting 2 question of 16 marks each in every unit and candidate must attempt 4 questions at all selecting 1 question from each unit.
 - 3.

Course Objective: The principal object of the paper is to understand basic concepts of administrative law including remedies available against abuse of powers by administrative agencies harming interests of its people.

Course Objective: After completion of this course students will be able to Understand the Nature and Scope of Administrative Law, Organization, Powers and Duties of Administrative Instrumentalities and Agencies , Classification of Administrative Action and Rights of Citizens against Administrative actions of Administrative Agencies and Instrumentalities, General Principles of Administrative Law, Analysis of Judicial and Other remedies against administrative action , Analysis of Right to Information, Administrative Tribunals, Lokpal and Lokayukta .

UNIT-I

Nature of Administrative Law, Basic Constitutional Principles: Rule of Law, Droit Administrative, Separation of Powers, Classification of Administrative Actions

UNIT-II

Delegated Legislation and Controls over Delegated Legislation

UNIT-III


Principle of Natural Justice and Administrative Tribunals, Administrative Discretion

UNIT-IV

Judicial Review its Exclusion, Liability of the Government, Public Interest Litigation and Lokpal and Lokayukta and RTI Act

Suggested Readings

- C.K. Thakker, Administrative Law
- Craig, Administrative Law
- Griffith and Street, Principles of Administrative Law
- K.C. Davis, Administrative Law Text
- Sir Ivor Jennings, Administrative Law
- Wade & Forsyth, Administrative Law
- Wade & Philips, Administrative Law


Chairperson
Department of Laws
BPS Mahila Vishwavidyalaya
Khanpur Kalan (Sonipat)

B.A.L.L.B 8th semester
Principal of Taxation Laws
Course Code: LAW 1144

L - T - P
4 - 1 - 0
Internal Marks: 20

Total Credits: 5
Total Marks: 100
External Marks: 80

Note:-Instructions for examiner

- The paper shall be of 80 Marks.
- The time allowed is three hours.
- The whole syllabus is divided into four units. Question paper shall be of two parts.
 1. Part A shall be compulsory and consist 8 short answered questions of 2 marks each at least two question shall be set from each unit.
 2. Part B shall again divided into 4 units consisting 2 question of 16 marks each in every unit and candidate must attempt 4 questions at all selecting 1 question from each unit.

Course Objectives: The basic objective of this paper is to apprise the students with the basic principles of taxation laws.

Course Outcome: Students who complete this course will be able identify the difference between tax evasion and tax planning.

UNIT-I


INCOME TAX ACT; 1961

- (i) Definition: Income-Meaning, Concept, Application and Diversion of Income, Agricultural Income, Assesses, Assessment year and Previous Year, Residential Status and Tax Liability of Assesses
- (ii) Distinction between Capital Receipt and Revenue Receipt; Capital Expenditure and revenue
- (iii) Heads of Income (a) Salary (b) Income from house property (c) Capital gains

UNIT-II

- (i) Income of other persons included in Assessee's Total Income
- (ii) Set out and Carry Forward of Losses
- (iii) Assessment Procedure
- (iv) Rectification of Mistakes

UNIT-III


Chairperson
Department of Laws
BPS Mahila Vishwavidyalaya
Khanpur Kalan (Sonapat)


- (i) Deductions under Section 80 C, 80 D, 80 CCE, 80 G, 80 U
- (ii) Appeal, Reference and Revision
- (iii) Penalties (Section 271 to 275)
- (iv) Income Tax Authorities

UNIT-IV

- (i) Liability in Special Cases (Sec 159-181)
- (ii) Rebate of Income Tax (Sec 87-88)
- (iii) Relief from Income Tax (Sec 89)
- (iv) Double Taxation Relief (Sec 90-91)
- (v) Collection, Recovery and Refund (Sec 190 to 234 and Sec 237-245)

BOOKS RECOMMENDED

- Kailash Rai, Taxation Law, (Allahabad Law Agency 16th Ed. 2017)
- Kanga & Palkiwala. The Law and Practice of Income Tax (N.M. Tripathi Pvt. Ltd. Latest Ed.)
- Sampath Iyengar. Law of Income Tax (Bharat Law House Pvt. Ltd. New Delhi, Ed. 2014)
- V.K. Singhania. Students Guide to Income Tax (Taxman Publication Pvt. Ltd. Ed. 2015)


Chairperson
Department of Laws
BPS Mahila Vishwavidyalaya
Khanpur Kalan (Sonapat)

B.A.L.L.B 8th semester
Competition & Investment Law
Paper Code: 1146

L - T - P

4 - 1 - 0

Internal Marks: 20

Total Credits: 5

Total Marks: 100

External Marks: 80

Note:-Instructions for examiner

- The paper shall be of 80 Marks.
- The time allowed is three hours.
- The whole syllabus is divided into four units. Question paper shall be of two parts.
 1. Part A shall be compulsory and consist 8 short answered questions of 2 marks each at least two question shall be set from each unit.
 2. Part B shall again divided into 4 units consisting 2 question of 16 marks each in every unit and candidate must attempt 4 questions at all selecting 1 question from each unit.

Course Objectives: This paper focuses on the competition laws of India in the context of new economic order.

Course Outcomes: The course caters to the needs of advocates for enhancing their knowledge about tactics played by enterprise in globalize world. Students are familiarized with the conceptualize understanding of anti competition practices, role of CCI in Indian economy. Students can act in professional manner and respond appropriately in case of conflicts in market. It enable the students to take up professional practice in competition law and policy in India and abroad.

Unit-I


Competition Act 2002: Background, Liberalization and Globalization, Raghavan Committee Report, Competition Act 2002; Difference between MRTP Act and Competition Act, Salient feature of Competition Act, Reference to EU and US laws.

Unit-II

Important Definitions under the Competition Act, 2002.

Agreement, Cartel, Consumer, Enterprise, Goods, Services, Practice, Market, Relevant Market, Relevant Turnover

Anti- Competitive Agreements, Horizontal and Vertical agreement, Rule of Perse and Reason, Appreciable Adverse Effect on Competition (AAEC) in India, Exemption, Prohibition of Anticompetitive agreement/ Cartel/bid rigging, Buyers' cartel


Chairperson
Department of Laws
BPS Mahila Vishwavidyalaya
Khanpur Kalan (Sonipat)

Unit-III


Dominance in Relevant Market, Abuse of dominance, Predatory Pricing,
Leniency Programme and Competition Advocacy, Combination
Leniency, Competition Advocacy in India

Unit-IV

Establishment and Constitution of Competition Commission of India, Powers and Functions
Jurisdiction of the CCI – adjudication and appeals, Director General of Investigation (DGI),
Penalties and Enforcement

Suggested Readings:

- CCI.gov.in study material booklets and case laws
- Competition Law Today :VinodDhall
- Competition Law: AbirRao&JayantKumar
- Investor Guide to Stock Market: SanjivAgarwal
- Report of Raghvan Committee
- SEBI guidelines and listing of Companies: V.A.Avadhani
- Security Market in India : Bal KrishanMarta
- Working of Stock Exchange in India : A.Sudhakar


Chairperson
Department of Laws
BPS Mahila Vishwavidyalaya
Khanpur Kalan (Sonapat)

B.A L.L.B 9th Semester
Property Law
Course Code: LAW 1149.

L - T - P

4 - 1 - 0

Internal Marks: 20

Total Credits: 5

Total Marks: 100

External Marks: 80

Note:-Instructions for examiner

- The paper shall be of 80 Marks.
- The time allowed is three hours.
- The whole syllabus is divided into four units. Question paper shall be of two parts.
 1. Part A shall be compulsory and consist 8 short answered questions of 2 marks each at least two question shall be set from each unit.
 2. Part B shall again divided into 4 units consisting 2 question of 16 marks each in every unit and candidate must attempt 4 questions at all selecting 1 question from each unit.

Course objectives: The objective of this paper is to focus on concept and classification of property as well as principles governing transfer of immoveable property.

Course Outcome: The outcome of this course includes that Students are able to understand clear, systematic and uniform law for the transfer of immovable property and also various provisions for transfer inter-vivos. Students enriched to apply the principles of Justice, Equity and Good Conscience if a particular case is not governed by any provision of law. Students are informed to know various modes of transfer of property and easements.

Unit-1


Concept of Property and General Principles Relating To Transfer of Property.

- a. Concept of property-distinction between moveable and immoveable property
- b. Definition clause
- c. Definition of transfer of property
- d. Transfer and non-transfer property
- e. Transfer to an unborn person and rule against perpetuity
- f. Vested and contingent interest
- g. Rule of election

Unit-II

General Principles Governing Transfer of Immoveable Property

- a. Transfer by ostensible owner
- b. Rule of feeding the grant by estoppel
- c. Rule of lis pendens
- d. Fraudulent transfer
- e. Rule of part performance


Chairperson
Department of Laws
BPS Mahila Vishwavidyalaya
Khanpur Kalan (Sonipat)

Unit -III

Specific Transfers

- d. Sale and gift
- e. Mortgage and charge

Unit -IV

Specific Transfer

- a. Lease and license
- b. Easements and actionable claims

Suggested Readings

1. Mulla D.F. -transfer of property
2. H.N. Tiwari – transferof property act

Case Laws

- B.S.D. Mahamandal, Kanpur v. Prem Kumar, AIR 1985 SC 1102
- Jaya Ram v. Ayyaswami, AIR1973 SC 569
- Lachmi Parsad v. Lachmi Naraya,25 ALJ 926
- Mahesh v. Mundar, AIR 1951 All. 141
- NarandasKarsondas v. S.A. Kamtam, AIR 1977 SC 774
- S.C.Mahadic v. Devi Sahai, AIR 1982 989
- Shripati Raoji v. Vishwananth, AIR1955 Bom. 457
- State of U.P. v. District Judge & Others (1997) 1 SCC 496

S
Chairperson
Department of Laws
BPS Mahila Vishwavidyalaya
Khanpur Kalan (Sonipat)

B.A.L.L.B.9th Semester
Alternative Dispute Resolution
Course Code: Law 1151

L - T - P

4 - 1 - 0

Internal Marks: 20

Total Credits: 5

Total Marks: 100

External Marks: 80

Note:-Instructions for examiner

- The paper shall be of 80 Marks.
- The time allowed is three hours.
- The whole syllabus is divided into four units. Question paper shall be of two parts.
 1. Part A shall be compulsory and consist 8 short answered questions of 2 marks each at least two question shall be set from each unit.
 2. Part B shall again divided into 4 units consisting 2 question of 16 marks each in every unit and candidate must attempt 4 questions at all selecting 1 question from each unit.

Course Objective:--The objective of this paper isto acquaint the students with various aspects of Alternative Dispute Resolution.

Course Outcome : The student will understand these processes in their own right and also in the context of the emergence of new types of dispute resolution professional, who offer mediation and other services as alternatives to the lawyer's often preferred practice of late settlement through litigation.

Unit—1

Meaning of ADR, Historical Background and Development of ADR in India, Global Perspective of ADR , Emerging trends/ factors of popularity of ADR, Merits and Demerits of ADR, , Legal position of ADR and National Litigation Policy for ADR.

Unit—2

General and Hybrids Techniques/ Processes of ADR, Provisions of ADR in Family Court Act, 1984 (Family Disputes), Industrial Dispute Act, 1947 (Labour disputes—Settlement mechanism), ADR and Consumer Protection Act, ADR provisions in CPC and Cr.P.C (Plea Bargaining), National Legal Services Authority Act, 1987 (Lok Adalat and Public Utility Services).

Units—3

Nature, Scope, Composition, Jurisdiction and Advantages of Nyaya Panchayats, Gram Nyayalaya and Mediation, Arbitration and Conciliation Centres, Model-E- Courts, Digital Courts, Justice through Online/Websites/Internet System, Video Conferencing System, Legal Aid/ Legal Aid Clinics/Clubs and Legal Literacy Mission and Role of Bench and Bar in ADR System.

Unit-4


Arbitration and Conciliation Act, 1996 (Sections 1-43), (Sections 61-86) and Recognition and Enforcement of Foreign Awards under New York Convention and Geneva Convention Awards.

Suggested Readings

- Avtar Singh, Law of Arbitration and Conciliation (Eastern Book Company, Lucknow Edition 2013).
- Dr Anupam Kurwal, An Introduction to ADR(Central Law Publication, Allahabad Edition 2014
- Dr. Ashok Kumar, Alternative Dispute Resolution in India (Vaibhav Publications, Darya Ganj New Dehli, Edition 2017
- G.K. Kwata, Arbitration and Conciliation Law of India (Universal Law Publication Co. New Delhi, Edition 2014,
- P.C. Rao and William Sheffild. ADR- What it is and how it works?
- S.C. Tripathi, Arbitration and Conciliation Act, 1996 with Alternatives means of settlement of dispute(Central Law Publication, Allahabad, Edition 2015

Case Laws

1. Aligarh Muslim University v Vinny Engineering Enterprises Pvt Ltd 1994(4) SCC 710
2. Food Corporation of India v Joginderpal Mohinderpal, AIR 1989 SC 1263
3. Godrej Properties and Investment Ltd v Tripura Construction, 2003 (18) CLA-BL Supp (Snr) Bom (3)
4. Juglal Kishore Rameshwar Das v GoolbhaiHumushji, AIR 1985 SC 812
5. K.K.Modi v K.N. Modi, AIR 1998 (1) Arb LR 296 SC
6. M.M. T.C. Ltd v Sterile Industries India Ltd, 1996 (6) 716
7. M/S Guru Nank Foundation v M/S Rattan Singh & Sons, AIR 1981 SC 2075
8. Refrigeration & Applicances v Jayaben Bharat Kumar Thakkar, 2007 Supreme 216
9. State of Kerala v Joseph Anchilose, AIR 1990 Ker 102
10. Sukdas v Union of India, AIR 1986 SC 991


Chairperson
Department of Laws
BPS Mahila Vishwavidyalaya
Khanpur Kalan (Sonipat)

B.A.L.L.B.9th Semester
Civil Procedure Code and Limitation Act
PaperCode: 1153

L - T - P
4 - 1 - 0
Internal Marks: 20

Total Credits: 5
Total Marks: 100
External Marks: 80

Note:-Instructions for examiner

- The paper shall be of 80 Marks.
- The time allowed is three hours.
- The whole syllabus is divided into four units. Question paper shall be of two parts.
 1. Part A shall be compulsory and consist 8 short answered questions of 2 marks each at least two question shall be set from each unit.
 2. Part B shall again divided into 4 units consisting 2 question of 16 marks each in every unit and candidate must attempt 4 questions at all selecting 1 question from each unit.


Course objectives: The main objective of this paper is to acquaint the students with the basic principles governing civil Procedure and Law of Limitation.

Course Outcomes: Course completion will benefit students as civil lawyers. Course includes all civil proceedings like summoning, examining witnesses, registration of case, petition and written statement etc. They will also be able to know all time limitations for filling suit, appeal and application. They will also become aware of jurisdiction issues in civil matters. They will also understand the pending suit limitations etc.

UNIT 1

- Introduction to Civil Procedure Code
- Difference
- Hierarchy and jurisdictions of Civil Courts
- Definitions
- Decree
- Orders,
- Judgement
- Mesne Profits
- Legal Representation
- Doctrine of Res Judicata
- Doctrine of Res Sub Judice

Decree
Preliminary Decree
Final Decree


Chairperson
Department of Laws
BPS Mahila Vishwavidyalaya
Khanpur Kalan (Sonipat)

Partly Preliminary and Partly Final Decree

Unit 2

Necessary and proper parties, section 79

Joinder of parties order 1

Place of suing , section 15, 16-21

Institution of Suit

Pleadings

- Plaint
- Written statement
- Set off and counterclaim

Issuing of Summons

- To Witness
 - To Parties
- Appearance and Non-appearance of parties

Unit 3

First hearing , framing of Issues

Hearing of suits

Adjournment

Attendance of witness from prison

Affidavit

Examination of parties by court

Discovery, inspection and production of documents

Commissions

Judgement

- Pronouncement of judgment
- Incomplete judgement

Unit 4

Limitation Act ,1963

Definitions

Applicant

Easement

Period of limitation


Bar of limitation

Legal disability

Computation of period of limitation

Effect of death


Fraud and mistake


Chairperson
Department of Laws
BPS Mahila Vishwavidyalaya
Khanpur Kalan (Sonipat)

Effect of acknowledgement
Continuous breaches and tort
Acquisition of easement by prescription

Suggested Readings

- Bare Act CPC, 1908
- C.K. Takwani ,The Code of Civil Procedure, Eastern Book Company
- M.P. Jain, "The Code of Civil Procedure", Wadhwa Nagpur


**Chairperson
Department of Laws
BPS Mahila Vishwavidyalaya
Khanpur Kalan (Sonipat)**

**B.A.L.L.B. 9th Semester
Land and Agricultural Laws
Paper Code: LAW 1155**

**L - T - P
4 - 1 - 0
Internal Marks: 20**

**Total Credits: 5
Total Marks: 100
External Marks: 80**

Note :Instructions for examiner

- The paper shall be of 80 Marks.
- The time allowed is three hours.
- The whole syllabus is divided into four units. Question paper shall be of two parts.
 1. Part A shall be compulsory and consist 8 short answered questions of 2 marks each at least two question shall be set from each unit.
 2. Part B shall again divided into 4 units consisting 2 question of 16 marks each in every unit and candidate must attempt 4 questions at all selecting 1 question from each unit.

Course objectives:The prime objective of this paper is to acquaint the students with the basic principles of Land Laws.

Course Outcomes:- At the end of this course students will be able to comprehend upon various practical aspects of laws related to land and agriculture.

Unit-I

Panjab Land Revenue Act 1887- Definitions, Classes of Revenue Officers, Powers and Functions, Record of Rights, Collection of Land revenues, Concept of Partition and Assessment, Appeal Review, Revisions

Unit- II

Haryana Urban (Control of Rent and Eviction) Act, 1973- Definitions, Determination of Fair Rent and its revision, Grounds for Eviction of tenants, Appeal, Review and Revision
Panjab Tenancy Act 1887- Definitions, Rights of occupancy, Concept of rent, Grounds of Ejection of tenant

Unit-III

Haryana Ceiling on Land Holdings Act, 1972 Ceiling on Land Holdings, Permissible Area, Exemptions, Ceiling on Land, Selection of permissible area, Vesting of Surplus Area in the State Government, Powers of the State Government to take possession of the surplus area, Disposal of Surplus Area ,Appeal, Review and Revision.


Unit-IV

Panchayati Raj Act, 1994

Right to Fair Compensation and Transparency in Land Acquisition, Rehabilitation and Resettlement Act of 2013

Suggested Readings

- Badruddin, Commentary on Land Laws and Panchayati Laws, The Law Home
- D.P. Narula, Land Laws of Panjab and Haryana, Allahabad Law Agency
- P.S. Khurana, A Treatise on Land Laws in Panjab and Haryana


Chairperson
Department of Laws
BPS Mahila Vishwavidyalaya
Khanpur Kalan (Sonapat)

B.A L.L.B. 9th Semester
Human Rights and Protection of Children
Paper Code: Law 1157

L - T - P

4 - 1 - 0

Internal Marks: 20

Total Credits: 5

Total Marks: 100

External Marks: 80

Note:-Instructions for examiner

- The paper shall be of 80 Marks.
- The time allowed is three hours.
- The whole syllabus is divided into four units. Question paper shall be of two parts.
 1. Part A shall be compulsory and consist 8 short answered questions of 2 marks each at least two question shall be set from each unit.
 2. Part B shall again divided into 4 units consisting 2 question of 16 marks each in every unit and candidate must attempt 4 questions at all selecting 1 question from each unit.

Course objectives: The course is aimed to help students to understand the concept of Human Rights, challenges and issues in addition to international framework on Human Rights . This will be helpful in understanding and analyzing the state of human rights affairs and state obligations to implement International conventions. It offers deep insight over the concept of Human Rightsevolution and protection mechanism.


Course Objectives: The course is relevant to impart knowledge of Law, philosophy and development of Human Rights. It is very helpful in understanding the role of human rights in social transformation and protection of human rights. Understanding of national and international institutions and, and the instruments for the protection of human rights is beneficial for the academic and professional enrichment of the students.

Unit I

1. Human rights- Historical context, Development and Significance
2. The United Nations Treaties and Institutions
3. Generation/ classification of Human Rights
4. The Right to Life, Human Rights of Women

Unit – II

1. The Right to be Free from Torture, Inhuman, and Degrading Treatment
2. Social and Economic Rights
3. Human Right to Health and Pollution free Environment
4. ICJ and Human Rights


Chairperson
Department of Laws
BPS Mahila Vishwavidyalaya
Khanpur Kalan (Sonipat)

Unit –III

1. Protection and development of children in India- Need and Institutional framework
2. Role of UNCRC and UNICEF in Protection of children
3. Understanding the Juvenile delinquency and children in conflicts with laws
4. Problem of Child abuse and child labour: Law and Society

Unit-IV

1. Global concerns over State of Human Rights affairs in today's world
2. Threats and challenges in protecting Human Rights
3. A Case study on recent violations of Human Rights
4. State obligations and instruments of Human Rights Protection

Suggested Readings:

- Child Rights in India by Asha Bajpai
- Concise book on international law and human rights by H.O. Agarwal
- Handbook of Children's Rights: Global and Multidisciplinary Perspectives by Martin D. Ruck
- Handbook of Children's Rights: Global and Multidisciplinary Perspectives by Jonathan Torres
- Human Right of Women: National and International perspective by Cook
- International Human Rights Law by Daniel Moeckli
- International Law and Human Rights by S.K. Kapoor
- International law and human rights by K.C. Joshi 1938
- Prof.S.K.Verma, Public International Law (1998) Prentice Hall of India
- S.K.Kapoor, Human Right under International Law & Indian Law
- The International Covenant on Civil and Political Rights: Cases, Materials, and Commentary by Jenny Schultz, Melissa Castan, and Sarah Joseph
- The Oxford Handbook of International Human Rights Law by Dina Shelton
- Theodor Meron (ed.), Human Right in International Law
- V.R.KrishnaIyer, The Dialectics and Dynamics of Human Right in India
- Wallace, International Human Rights, 1996 Sweet & Maxwell

Case Laws

1. LalitaKumari vs. Govt. Of U.P & ORS AIR 2014 SC 187
2. Shreya Singhal v. Union of India, 2015
3. The Lotus Case
4. The Republic of Nicaraguan vs. The State of America, ICJ -1986
5. Youth Bar Association of India vs. Union of India AIR 2016 SC

BA L.L.B. 9th Semester
Public Interest Lawyering, Legal Aid & Para-Legal Services
Course Code: LAW 1159

L - T - P

4- 1 - 0

Internal Marks: 20

Total Credits: 5

Total Marks: 100

External Marks: 80

Note:-Instructions for examiner

- The paper shall be of 80 Marks.
- The time allowed is three hours.
- The whole syllabus is divided into four units. Question paper shall be of two parts.
 1. Part A shall be compulsory and consist 8 short answered questions of 2 marks each at least two question shall be set from each unit.
 2. Part B shall again divided into 4 units consisting 2 question of 16 marks each in every unit and candidate must attempt 4 questions at all selecting 1 question from each unit.

Course Objectives: The paper is aimed to impart knowledge and awareness about the concept of PIL and its significant contributions in defining legal periphery. Justice also implies the idea of access to legal services, help and advice to poor and every needy people. It will be helpful for the students to know about legal aid and para legal services and also the Lok Adalat.

Course Outcomes: The course is relevant to impart knowledge law and its various facets impacting the society at large. Understanding the public Interest Lawyering, Legal Aid and Para Legal Services is important to sensitize the Law students to work for society and the philosophy of law. This is helpful in understanding the institutional mechanism and legal framework to ensure justice and equality. It is furthering and strengthening the professional ethics as a built in mechanism of legal education.

Unit I.

Public Interest Litigation

Public interest litigation in judicial activism and public welfare

Merits and demerits of public interest litigation

Locas standi and public interest litigation

Various dimensions of PIL like environmental, Human Rights, children, education, prisoners rights, women, poverty corruption etc.

Unit II.

Legal aid

Legal aid under Criminal Procedure. Code and rights of accused

Constitution, functions and powers of National Legal Service Authority and State Legal Service Authority

Unit III.

Lok Adalat

Lok Adalat system, meaning and significance
Organization of lokAdalat, power and nature of award
Objects and necessity of Legal aid camps and legal literacy


Unit IV

Para Legal Training

Object and importance of para legal training
Writing of case comment
Law office management

Recommended Readings:

- Ajay Gulati , "Public Interest Lawyering, Legal, Aid & Para Legal Service"
- Dr. Kailash Rai , "Public Interest Lawyering, Legal, Aid & Para Legal Service"
- J.P.S.Shirohi , "Public interest litigation"
- Legal Service Authorities Act, 1987
- O.P.Tiwari, "Public interest litigation"
- P.M.Bakshi, "Public interest litigation"
- P.S.Narayan, "Public interest litigation"
- S. Bawa, "Public interest litigation."


Chairperson
Department of Laws
BPS Mahila Vishwavidyalaya
Khanpur Kalan (Sonipat)

B.A L.L.B. 10th Semester
Criminology and Penology
Course Code: LAW 1148

L - T - P

4- 1 - 0

Internal Marks: 20

Total Credits: 5

Total Marks: 100

External Marks: 80

Note:-Instructions for examiner

- The paper shall be of 80 Marks.
- The time allowed is three hours.
- The whole syllabus is divided into four units. Question paper shall be of two parts.
 1. Part A shall be compulsory and consist 8 short answered questions of 2 marks each at least two question shall be set from each unit.
 2. Part B shall again divided into 4 units consisting 2 question of 16 marks each in every unit and candidate must attempt 4 questions at all selecting 1 question from each unit.

Course Objectives: The object of this paper is to discuss the causative factors of crime and treatment of criminals and victims.

Course Outcome: Students will be able to analyze and define the concept of crime and antisocial behavior in the society and the difference between crime and morality as the concept of crime changes from society to society. Analyze the various views given by philosophers on criminology. Evaluate the reasons behind the crime and significance of Penology in the present society and theories of the punishments and its application in the criminal justice system.

UNIT-1


- a) Conceptions/Definitions of Crime.
- b) Causal approaches to explanations and difficulties of applications of casual analysis to human behavior.
- c) Specific Theories: Biophysical explanations, Psychodynamic approaches, Social learning theories of Crime, Social learning through sub-cultures of deviance, Social disorganization theories, and Economistic approaches.

UNIT-II

Deviations

- a. Legislation
- b. Treatment
- c. Judicial Approach

Socio-Economic Crimes


Chairperson
Department of Laws
BPS Mahila Vishwavidyalaya
Khanpur Kalan (Sonipat)

- a. White collar crimes
- b. Drug Abuse

UNIT-III

Punishment

- a. Theories of Punishment Deterrent, Retributive, Preventive and Reformative
- b. Alternatives to imprisonment: Probation, Open jail, Parole etc.
- c. Prison reform and the Judicial Response
- d. Capital Punishment


UNIT-IV

Victimology

- a. Need for compensation
- b. Compensation and Rehabilitation
- c. Compensation as a mode of punishment
- d. Constitutional perspective of compensation

Recommended Cases

- Ashok Kumar v. State (1980) 2 SCC 282
- Bachan Sing v. State of Punjab (1980) 2 SCC 684
- Bheru Singh v. State of Rajasthan (1994) 2 SCC 467
- Dalbir Singh v. State of Punjab, (1979) 3 SCC 745
- Hari Singh v. State of Haryana (1993) 2SCC373
- Kalu v. State , AIR 1965 Raj74
- Kharak Singh v. State of U.P, AIR 1963 SC 1295
- State of M.P. v. V.S. Mahasane, 1993 Cr. L.J1134
- State of Maharastra v. Sukhdev Singh (1992) 3 SCC 700
- Sukhdev Singh Dindsa v. State of Punjab, 1985 Cr. L.J 1739 (P&H)
- Tehsildar singh v. State of U.P. , AIR1959 SC 1012
- Vishal Jeet v. Union of India, (1990) 3 SCC 318


Chairperson
Department of Laws
BPS Mahila Vishwavidyalaya
Khanpur Kalan (Sonipat)

B.A.L.L.B. 10th Semester
Drafting, Pleading and Conveying
Paper Code: LAW 1150

L - T - P
4 - 1 - 0
Internal Marks: 20

Total Credits: 5
Total Marks: 100
External Marks: 80

Note:-Instructions for examiner

- The paper shall be of 80.Marks.
- The time allowed is three hours.
- The whole syllabus is divided into four units. Question paper shall be of two parts.
 1. Part A shall be compulsory and consist 8 short answered questions of 2 marks each at least two question shall be set from each unit.
 2. Part B shall again divided into 4 units consisting 2 question of 16 marks each in every unit and candidate must attempt 4 questions at all selecting 1 question from each unit.

Course Objectives: The basic objective of this course is to inculcate practical learning skills and concepts that promote student's professional success.

Course Outcomes: The outcome of this course It makes aware about connection between theory of the classroom with the practical of courts. Students understand the importance of practical aspects of drafting as it is important prerequisite to acquire success in their professional life. It will help students to gain not only a theoretical but also a practical understanding of law.

Unit -I


Pleading, Need and Objective of Pleading, Fundamental and General Rules, Plaint and written Statement, Replication, Application for temporary Injunction, Application for Setting aside Ex-parte, Affidavit, Suit for Permanent Injunction. Suit for Specific Performance, Suit for Possession

Unit -II

Petition for Divorce, Judicial Separation, Restitution of Conjugal Rights, Application for maintenance Under HMA 1955, MACT application, Legal Notice
Complaint, Application for bail, Anticipatory Bail, Application for maintenance u/s 125 Cr.P.C.

Unit-III

Writ Petition- Habeas Corpus, Mandamus, Prohibition, Certiorari, Quo-Warranto
Appeal, Review, Reference and Revision
Petition for Eviction under Haryana Rent Control Act
Complaint under Consumer Protection Act


Chairperson
Department of Laws
BPS Mahila Vishwavidyalaya
Khanpur Kalan (Sonipat)

Unit -IV

Conveyancing, Deeds- Unilateral and Bilateral, Will, Sale Deed, Mortgage Deed, Lease Deed,
Power of Attorney, Partnership Deed,
Notice under Section 138 of the Negotiable Instruments Act, 1881
Application for Information under RTI Act 2005

Suggested Reading:

- Bindra N.S., Pleading Drafting and Pleading
- Chaturvedi A.N., Pleading Drafting and Conveyancing
- Mogha on Law of Pleading

Chairperson
Department of Laws
BPS Mahila Vishwavidyalaya
Khanpur Kalan (Sonapat)

B.A L.L.B 10th Semester
Right to Information & Election Laws
PaperCode: 1152

L - T - P
4 - 1 - 0
Internal Marks: 20

Total Credits: 5
Total Marks: 100
External Marks: 80

Note:-Instructions for examiner

- The paper shall be of 80 Marks.
- The time allowed is three hours.
- The whole syllabus is divided into four units. Question paper shall be of two parts.
 1. Part A shall be compulsory and consist 8 short answered questions of 2 marks each at least two question shall be set from each unit.
 2. Part B shall again divided into 4 units consisting 2 question of 16 marks each in every unit and candidate must attempt 4 questions at all selecting 1 question from each unit.

Course objectives: The prime objective of the paper is to acquaint the students with the basic rules and regulation regarding Right to Information and Election laws.

Course outcomes: This course provides basic aim of RTI. It also explains good governance with transparency. Students will be trained to know personal grievances as well as long pending issues of Indian society. They will also connect themselves with government officials. Through election laws the students will get proper information about the rules, regulations, laws, bye laws, program related to elections so that peoples could cast their vote to candidate without any difficulty, pressure and choose honest and hardworking representatives.

UNIT-I

Introduction

1. Introduction to Right to Information
2. Historical Background, Indian Scenario, Global Scenario
Indian Scenario
3. Media access to Official Information
4. Right to Information and Human Rights Violations
5. Main Features of Right to Information Law

UNIT-II

The Right to Information Act, 2005

1. Preliminary(Section 1 to 2)
2. Third Party Information
3. The Central Information Commission (Section 12 to 14)
4. Right to Information and Obligations of Public Authorities(Section 3 to 11)
5. The State Information Commission(Section 15 to 17)
6. Powers & Function of the Information Commission, appeals & penalties (Section 18 to 20)

7. Miscellaneous (Section 21 to 31)
8. Amendments in 2019.

UNIT-III

Right to Information and Community Activism

1. Free flow of Information for Public Record .
2. Factors Restricting Free Flow of Information
3. Right to information: Fundamental Right
4. Provisions for Disclosure of Information
5. Right to Acquire & Disseminate Information
6. Right to Information and Community Participation
7. Public Authority under Art. 12 of the Indian Constitution

UNIT -IV

Election Laws

1. Introduction to election laws in India
2. Types of Electoral System in India
3. Global scenario in electoral system
4. Electoral reforms in India.
5. Elections to local self-government bodies in India
6. Government and Good Governance
7. Challenge before election commission: Democracy and reservation to women.

References:

- Dheera Khandelwal & Krishana K. Khandelwal: The Right to Information Act, 2005
- Dr. Niraj Kumar : Treatise on Right to Information Act, 2005
- Dr. Sandhya Rohal and Dr. Saroj Saini, Right to Information ,
- Module for students on election Law available at <http://www.unishivaji.ac.in/uploads/syllabus/Home/Module%20Democracy%20in%20India.pdf>.
- N.K. Jain : Right to Information Concept Law and Practice
- P.K. Das : The Right to Information Act
- Right to Information Act, 2005

Case Laws:

Indira Jai Singh V Registrar General Supreme Court of India (2003) 5
SCC People's Union for Civil Liberties V Union of India AIR 2004 SC 1442

B.A L.L.B. 10th Semester
Civil Procedure, Specific Relief & Registration Act 1961
Paper Code: 1154

L - T - P
4 - 1 - 0
Internal Marks: 20

Total Credits: 5
Total Marks: 100
External Marks: 80

Note:-Instructions for examiner

- The paper shall be of 80 Marks.
- The time allowed is three hours.
- The whole syllabus is divided into four units. Question paper shall be of two parts.
 1. Part A shall be compulsory and consist 8 short answered questions of 2 marks each at least two question shall be set from each unit.
 2. Part B shall again divided into 4 units consisting 2 question of 16 marks each in every unit and candidate must attempt 4 questions at all selecting 1 question from each unit.

Course objectives: The core objective of this paper is to acquaint the students with the basic principles governing civil procedure, specific relief and law relating to registration of documents.

Course Outcomes: Course completion will benefit students as civil lawyers. Course includes all civil proceedings like summoning, examining witnesses, registration of case, petition and written statement etc. They will also be able to know all time limitations for filling suit, appeal and application. They will also become aware of jurisdiction issues in civil matters. They will also understand the pending suit limitations, provisions related to specific relief and Registration Act.

UNIT - 1

Interlocutory Applications

Temporary Injunctions

Foreign Judgment

Procedure of Caveat

Inherent Powers of Courts

Execution of Decree

- Execution of Decrees
- Application for Execution
- Process of Execution
- Stay of Execution
- Courts by which Decree be Execute
- Different modes of Execution
- Arrest and Detention and Attachment under Execution
- Sale of Property in Execution
- Distribution of Assets

Application of Restitution under Section 144

UNIT -2

Summary Trial

Suits by or against Government

Interpleaders Suits

Suits and Appeal by indigent persons

Appeal:

- First appeal
- Second appeal
- Appeal from order

Reference, review and revision

UNIT 3

Specific Relief Act

Specific Relief to be granted

Recovery

- Specific Immovable Property
- Specific Movable Property

Liability of Person in Possession

Declaratory Decrees

Preventive Relief:

- Injunction Generally
- Perpetual Injunction

UNIT 4

Registration Act, 1908

Inspectors of Registration Offices

Registrable Documents

Presenting Documents for Registration

Effects of Registration and Non-Registration and Penalties

Suggested Readings:

- Law of Specific Relief, Banerjee S.C
- Pollock and Mulla on Indian Contract and Specific Relief Act.
- The Code of Civil Procedure, Dr Avtar Singh

B.A.L.L.B 10th Semester
Interpretation of statutes
PaperCode: 1156

L - T - P

4 - 1 - 0

Internal Marks: 20

Total Credits: 5

Total Marks: 100

External Marks: 80

Note:-Instructions for examiner

- The paper shall be of 80 Marks.
- The time allowed is three hours.
- The whole syllabus is divided into four units. Question paper shall be of two parts.
 1. Part A shall be compulsory and consist 8 short answered questions of 2 marks each at least two question shall be set from each unit.
 2. Part B shall again divided into 4 units consisting 2 question of 16 marks each in every unit and candidate must attempt 4 questions at all selecting 1 question from each unit.

Course objectives-This paper is to equip the students with various tools of interpretation of statutes.

Course outcomes: Upon successful completion, students will have the knowledge and skills to Explain, distinguish and apply the principles and process of statutory interpretation Compare, contrast and reflect on the theoretical concepts underlying and impacting on approaches to statutory interpretation and its application. Plan, differentiate and prioritise approaches and materials used in statutory interpretation while working collaboratively select and apply a range of legal research principles and methods in interpreting legal instruments.

UNIT - 1

Interpretation: Meaning and scope, General principles of interpretation of Interpretation

Rules of Construction: Literal Rule, Golden rule, Mischief rule, Harmonious construction, Legislative intent, Statutes should be read as whole, Presumption in favour of constitutionality of a statute.

UNIT-2

Internal Aids to Construction

Title, preamble, marginal notes, headings, section and subsection, definitions, interpretation clauses, proviso, illustration, exceptions, saving clause, explanations, schedules, and punctuation marks and non obstante clause

External Aids to Construction

Dictionaries, use of foreign decision, text books, historical background, legislative history, beneficial construction, constitutionality of statutes.

UNIT-3

Prospective and retrospective operation of statutes, Construction of taxing statutes and evasion of statutes, mens-rea in statutory offences, Mandatory and direct statutes rules of stare decisis, strict constructions of penal laws, Presumptions and assumptions

Unit-4

General Clauses Act, 1897

Maxims: Edjusdem Generis, Expressio Unius Est Exclusio Alterius, Statute in parimateria, Noscitur A Sociis

Suggested Readings

- Avtar Singh, "Introduction to the interpretation of statutes" (lexis nexis 4th edition, 2016)
- D.N. Mathur, "Interpretation of statutes" (central law publication 2013)
- G.P. Singh, "Principles of statutory Interpretation" (lexis nexis 14th edition, 2016)
- Kafaltiya. B "Interpretation of statutes" (2016)
R.D. srivastava, "Interpretation of statutes and legislation", (central law publication 6th edition, 2013)
- V.P. Sarthi. "Interpretation of statutes" (5th edition, 2010)

B.A L.L.B. 10th Semester
Moot court, Practical Training and Internship
PaperCode: 1158

L - T - P
0 - 1 - 4
Internal Marks: 20

Total Credits: 5
Total Marks: 100
External Marks: 80

Course Objectives: Content of this paper is designed to impart the practical skills required for case study, case research, case analyses and legal perspectives necessary for lawyering, advocacy and client counseling. This will also give opportunity to develop skills for legal research and practical training including court practices. The teaching methods used in the course will focus Moot court and Mock trials and will include court visits. Students will be divided in groups for the purpose of Moot Courts, Mock trials and court visits.

Course outcomes: The course is providing practical skills on knowledge of law. It is very helpful in understanding the application of law for any law student providing him legal acumen and advocacy skills. The course is beneficial for the academic and professional enrichment of the students.

Unit 1

Moot Courts (Marks30)

The teacher teaching this course will supply five Moot Court problems on five different fields like criminal, matrimonial, appeal, environmental, consumers, insurance and corporate affairs.

Students in the course of a single semester requiring them to work on all three problems assigned to them. Each student will prepare a case only on one side.

Teacher will provide rules for Moot Court including memorials and other specifications for oral arguments etc.

Evaluation: The oral performance will be evaluated on the basis of communication skills, application of facts, persuasion / use of authorities, and response to questions.

Unit II

Mock Trial, negotiation and client counseling(Marks 30)

The students would be required to conduct trial in at least one case either of one Civil or one Criminal during the course of the semester. The students will be divided in teams of lawyers and witnesses. Each student will be required to function as a lawyer and witness in the trials being

simulated in the classes. Students' performance will be evaluated on the basis of equal marks being assigned for case analysis, written submissions, Examination-in-chief, Cross-examination, and final arguments. Student will also prepare/participate in the negotiation and client counseling activities.

Unit III

Internship - Court Visits and field Experience (Marks-30)

This part will require the students to be attached with practicing lawyer/ law firms/ Institutions etc. Students will have to produce certificate of internship of the duration and work report from the advocate as per BCI norms.

During the court visits, the students will be required to record/ observe various stages in cases. Observation must include at least one civil and one Criminal case.


Unit IV

Viva Voce (Marks 10)

Students will be required to place all the above content in a file/ folder to be assessed by concerned teacher and outside expert of the field. Expert may be a lawyer or a teacher with experience of 15 years and 10 years respectively.

Suggested Readings:

- <https://eggp.inflibnet.ac.in/Home/ViewSubject?catid=20>
- John Korzen , "Make Your Argument: Succeeding in Moot Court and Mock Trial"
- Kailash Rai , "Moot Court, Pre-trial Preparation and participation in trial Proceedings"
- O.P. Tewari , "Moot Court, Pre-trial, Preparation and Viva voce"
- Routledge, Taylor and Francis Group, Essential Study Skills for Law Students,


Chairperson
Department of Laws
BPS Mahila Vishwavidyalaya
Khanpur Kalan (Sonipat)

